

1. (a) (6) Verify the following inequality holds for any events A and B :

$$\max\{P(A) + P(B) - 1, 0\} \leq P(A \cap B) \leq \min\{P(A), P(B)\}.$$

(b) (4) Identify when each equality holds.

2. Let A be the area of a circle with radius R where R follows an exponential distribution with density $f(r) = e^{-r}$ for $r > 0$.

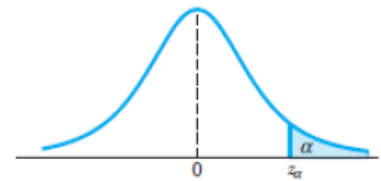
(a) (6) Find the expected value μ of A .

(b) (4) What is the probability that A exceeds μ ?

3. (10) A random sample of size 16 was taken from a normal distribution with mean μ and variance σ^2 , and it showed the sample mean $\bar{x} = 1.8$ and sample standard deviation $s = 3$. Test the hypothesis $H_0 : \mu = 0$ against $H_1 : \mu \neq 0$ at 5% significance level. (May use the tables blow.)

Critical values Z_α of the standard normal distribution

α		
0.10	0.05	0.025
1.282	1.645	1.960



Critical values t_α of the t -distribution with ν degrees of freedom

ν	α		
	0.10	0.05	0.025
14	1.345	1.761	2.145
15	1.341	1.753	2.131
16	1.337	1.746	2.120
17	1.333	1.740	2.110

