

## Discrete Mathematics Graduation Exam

(You must include justifications in order to receive full credits.)

1. Let  $\mathcal{U}$  be the collection of all infinite sets. Consider the equivalence relation  $\sim$  defined by

$$A \sim B \leftrightarrow \exists f : A \rightarrow B \text{ one to one and onto}$$

for  $A, B \in \mathcal{U}$ . We write  $[A]$  for the equivalence class containing  $A \in \mathcal{U}$ .

- (a) (3pts) Show that the following operation is ill-defined by giving a specific example.

$$[A] \oplus [B] := [A \cup B]$$

- (b) (3 pts) Show that the following operation is well-defined.

$$[A] \boxplus [B] := [A \times \{1\} \cup B \times \{0\}]$$

- (c) (4 pts) Give an example of a set  $A$  such that  $[A] \boxplus [A] = [A]$ .

2. (a) (4 pts) Give an example of a Boolean algebra.  
 (b) (5 pts) Determine whether the following combinatorial circuits are equivalent.

$$\overline{(\bar{x}_1 \wedge x_2) \vee (x_1 \wedge \bar{x}_3)}, \quad (x_1 \vee \bar{x}_2) \wedge (x_1 \vee \bar{x}_3)$$

3. (7 pts) Using the definition of a tree as a connected graph without cycles, show that the two statements below are equivalent. Let  $T$  be a graph with  $n$  vertices. a)  $T$  is a tree, b)  $T$  is a graph with  $n - 1$  edges and without cycles.
4. Consider the following algorithm. Input: A connected, weighted graph (all weights are positive) and a particular vertex  $a$ .

$$L(a) := 0, \quad L(x) := \infty, \text{ for } x \neq a$$

$$T := \text{all vertices}$$

while  $T \neq \emptyset$

choose  $v \in T$  with minimum  $L$  value

for each  $x \in T$  adjacent to  $v$

$$L(x) := \min\{L(x), L(v) + w(v, x)\}$$

$$T := T \setminus \{v\}$$

- (a) (7pts) Show that when the algorithm terminates, for each vertex  $x$ ,  $L(x)$  is the weight of a shortest path from  $a$  to  $x$ .  
 (b) (4 pts) Show that the worst case run time for a graph with  $n$  vertices is  $\Theta(n^2)$ .