

**Analysis**  
November 2014

1. If  $f$  is continuous on  $[0, 1]$  and if

$$\int_0^1 f(x) e^{nx} dx = 0 \quad \text{for } n = 0, 1, 2, \dots,$$

then using the Weierstrauss theorem, show that  $f(x) = 0$  on  $[0, 1]$ .

2. Let  $f_n : [0; 1] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a sequence of equicontinuous functions such that  $f_n(x) \rightarrow f(x)$  for every  $x \in [0, 1]$ . Prove that  $f_n$  converges to  $f$  uniformly.
3. Let  $f_n : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be a sequence of continuous functions such that

$$f_n \rightarrow f \quad \text{uniformly on } \mathbb{R}.$$

Given a sequence of points  $x_n \in \mathbb{R}$  with  $x_n \rightarrow x$ , show that  $f_n(x_n) \rightarrow f(x)$  as well.